

Cedar Rapids Right-of-Way 2024

Spring Planting Forward Species Selection

Available in 5-Gallon Options



- Grows 50-80 feet high and wide.
- Full sun and partial shade, a minimum of four hours of direct, unfiltered sunlight each day.
- Prefers slightly acidic to neutral, deep, moist, well-drained soil. Can tolerate moderate drought and occasional wet soil.
- Yields acorns that are up to 1" long with warty cap that covers about ¼ of the nut.
- The acorns are food for birds, deer and squirrels. Leaf buds also are eaten by several bird species, and all parts of the tree are a favorite food for deer.
- Oaks give more than 500 pollinator species a home, food, and protection year round
- Can live 300-350 years.

Jillian Oak Hybrid - (White + Bur + Overcup Oaks)



- Grows 50 to 60 feet high and wide.
- Needs full sun, at least six hours of direct sunlight each day
- Grows in acidic, moist, well-drained, and wet soils. It is also drought-tolerant.
- Acorns are 5/8" to 3/4" long and 3/8" to 3/4" wide with a warty cap. They are an important food source for squirrels, deer, birds and turkeys.
- Oaks give more than 500 pollinator species a home, food, and protection year round
- Can live up to 350 years.

Swamp White Oak



- Grows 50-80 feet high and wide.
- Full sun and partial shade, a minimum of four hours of direct, unfiltered sunlight each day.
- Prefers slightly acidic to neutral, deep, moist, well-drained soil. Can tolerate moderate drought and occasional wet soil.
- Yields acorns that are up to 1" long with warty cap that covers about ¼ of the nut.
- The acorns are food for birds, deer and squirrels. Leaf buds also are eaten by several bird species, and all parts of the tree are a favorite food for deer.
- Oaks give more than 500 pollinator species a home, food, and protection year round
- Can live 300-350 years.

White Oak

Images courtesy Texas A&M Forest Service



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